

E. # 1849

Evidentiary Document No. 5389.

C E R T I F I C A T E

The undersigned CHARLES JONGENEEL, first Lieutenant R.N.I.A., head of the War Crimes Section of NETHERLANDS FORCES INTELLIGENCE SERVICE (NEFIS) being first duly sworn on oath deposes and states that the annexed reports are full, true, complete and accurate copies of the original documents entitled:

1. Nefis reports of Interrogation of PAIMIN bin KARTOSEMITO (No. 548) of NAWI bin GIMAN (No. 513) and of LADOELIA bin MESDIN (No. 514).

2. Sworn Statements of the same Informants.

All concerning Massacre of Indonesians, former soldiers R.N.I.A., forced Hei-Ho's on Noemfoor Island, in July, 1944.

which documents are part of the official records of the NEFIS.

SIGNATURE:

(Signed)

Stamp of the Intelligence Service
Netherlands Forces.

PATAVIA, June 7th., 1946.

Subscribed and sworn to before me K.A. de WEEED, first Lieutenant R.N.I.A., Higher Official attached to the Office of the Attorney-General N.E.I.

SIGNATURE: (Signed) K. A. de WEEED

PAIMIN -- from MAGELANG, PARMINI from KOETCADJO, PARDJO from MAGELANG, PARIJO from POERWOREDJO, with 10 Madoerese were bayoneted to death at GEELVINK BAY, NOEMFOOR Is., about July, 1944.

Informant: PAIMIN bin KARTOSEMITO Fus. KV 3142

Reliability: Uneducated but bright and helpful, clear in what he has seen and knows. Information may be taken approximating the fact.

Person Responsible: Japanese names not stated.

Hearsay:

On Noemfoor Island, Geelvink Bay, DNG, about July, 1944, informant was told by two Madoerese who though bayoneted at the time, survived and escaped, that 14 men (10 Madoerese and 4 Javanese) missing from a Hei-ho detachment of 56 originally sent fr Manokwari, DNG, had been bayoneted to death by Japanese. The names of the four Javanese were, PARMIN from Koetoardjo (Mid. Java), PAIMIN from Magelang (Mid. Java), PARDJO from Magelang (Mid. Java) and PARIJO from Poerworedjo (Mid. Java).

NOTE: According to Informant Painin bin Kartosemito, the following Japanese may be regarded as responsible for the murder of the 14 Hei-ho reported above:

KUJITA	Goenso	(Sergeant)
INOYE	Djotohei	(Supr. Priv.)
ODJAWA	"	" "
MATJAMOTO	"	" "

All believed to have fled to the interior of Noenfoor Island in July 1944.

INTERROGATION REPORT NO. 548

I, the undersigned, named,

PAIMIN bin KARTOSEMITO, Stbno, 3142

herewith declare before 2nd. Lt. P.A.C. v.d. BERGH, temporary unpaid police-official for the whole of the Netherlands East Indies, as follows:

About the 20th of July, 1944, after the American landing on Noenfoor, 16 Hei-Ho's and myself, who had already tried to escape twice were recaptured again by the Japanese.

The next morning at about 8 o'clock, we saw many Japanese armed with rifles and bayonets. We were blindfolded and ordered to open our coats. All of us were bayoneted and fell down.

Except my friend, named MADOBELLA bin MESDIN, and myself all were killed. We acted like being dead. At that time a Japanese came back to ascertain whether or not we were still alive. This Japanese severed the back of my head with his sabre.

After the Japanese had left, we moved away to the village KANSAI where we met the Americans.

On

at

I saw a photo, nr. 51 J 5636 of a Japanese named INCUE KOJI, and I recognised him as the INCUE KOJO, who was standing near us with a sword in his hand, before we were blindfolded.

Name:

After the above declaration of informant PAIMIN bin KARTOSEMITO had been put into writing by me and had been slowly and carefully read to him, and he had affirmed and signed the declaration he took an oath according to his religious persuasion, that in the

above mentioned declaration he told the truth and nothing but the truth.

In witness hereof,

Made under official
oath.

Temporary unpaid
Police-Official

P.A.C. v.d. BERGH
Res. 2 de Lt. der Inf. v.s.d.

NAWI bin GIMAN, Fusilier No. 37070, was severely maltreated at
NOEMFOOR Island, about the middle of July, 1944.

Informant: NAWI bin GIMAN, Fusilier No. 37070.

Reliability: Fair Intelligence, information may be considered
reliable.

Person Responsible: Japanese, names not stated, but there were
about 4 officers present, including a Captain,
a 1st. Lieut., 2 2nd. Lieuts. and a Sergeant Major

Informant states that after the American landing on Noemfoor Is.,
on July 2 1944, he was taken with about 50 other Heiho of mixed
Indonesian races into the jungle with the Japanese Garrison.
He does not know how many Japs. there were but they numbered
some hundreds. After the 5th, he and ten others of mixed races
succeeded in escaping. After about 5 days of walking in the
jungle, they fell in with about 50 Japs. who took them again into
the jungle for about 2 days. Informant escaped again, this time
with 7 others, for one day, when they met 9 others (Heiho) who
had escaped they were then a party of 17 escapees. They were
together for 2 days, when they again met Japanese numbering about
100, once more they were under escort, but on the following day,
in the evening they were very closely watched and kept in a
bunch with Jap. sentries all around them. In the morning at
about 8 o'clock, informant and the 16 others were ordered to fall
in, they were blindfolded and ordered to open their coats. Before
this however, informant saw that all the Japanese had fixed
bayonets, they were behind and in front of these 17 men, about 4
officers were present including a Captain, a 1st. Lieut., 2 2nd.
Lieuts., and a Sergeant Major., orders were shouted to the Japs.,
and all 17 men were bayoneted. Each was then examined to
ascertain whether life was extinct or not.

Informant received 4 stabs in the back with a bayonet and then
fell down, when being examined he with another Madoerese named

MADOELLA feigned death, informant lay quiet for a little while until all the Japs. had gone and then managed to get up. He saw the bodies of the 15 men who had been bayoneted, these two men walked for 5 days in the jungle until on the 5th day they reached the road which skirts the shore, and there met an American patrol which rescued them.

INTERR. REPORT NO. 513.

Further to the previous report:-

Informant: MADOELLA BIN MUJIDIN, Fasilier KV No. 41040.

Reliability: Low intelligence, information may be considered reliable.

Person Responsible: Japanese soldiers, one of whom was Superior Private INOE.

Informant with NAWI bin GIMAN, were the only survivors of the massacre carried out by the Japanese about the 20th July, 1944, on NOEMFOOR Island.

Madoella confirms Nawi's evidence, and adds that he and Nawi emerged after being bayoneted at the village of KANSAL, where they met the American patrol. Informant states after being bayoneted and whilst lying prone on the ground feigning death, a Jap. laid his hands on his back to ascertain whether he was still breathing. He then got a sabre cut on the back of his head. He adds the important fact that one of the Japanese soldiers present was formerly belonging to his Butai (Araidatai No. 10446). His name is Superior Private INOE. Just before the victims were blind-folded he saw this man standing near with a drawn sabre.

INTERR. REPORT NO. 514.

I, the undersigned, named:

NAWI bin GIMAN,

No. 37070.

herewith declare before 2nd. Lt. P.A.C.v.d.Bergh, temporary unpaid police-official for the whole of the Netherlands East Indies, as follows:-

About the 20th of July 1944, after the American landing on Noemfoer, 16 Hei-Ho's and myself, who had already tried to escape twice were recaptured again by the Japanese.

The next morning at about 8 o'clock, we saw many Japanese armed

with rifles and bayonets. We were blindfolded and ordered to open our coats. All of us bayoneted and fell down.

Except my friend named MADOELLA bin MESDIN, and myself all were killed. We acted like being dead. At that time a Japanese came back to ascertain whether or not we were still alive. This Japanese severed the back of my head with his sabre. (rifle).

After the Japanese had left, we moved away to the village KANSAI, where we met the Americans.

On

at

I saw a photo, nr. 51 J 5036 of a Japanese named INOUE KOJI, and recognised him as the INOUE KOJI, who was standing near us with a sword in his hand, before we were blindfolded.

Casion,
Name:

After the above declaration of informant NAWI bin GIMAN had been put into writing by me and had been slowly and carefully read to him, and he had affirmed and signed the declaration he took an oath according to his religious persuasion, that in the above mentioned declaration he told the truth and nothing but the truth.

In witness hereof,

Made under official oath.
Temporary unpaid, Police-
Official.
P.A.C. v. d. Bergh.
Res. 2de Lt. der Inf. v.s.d

I, the undersigned, named:

MADOELLA bin MESDIN, nr. 41040

herewith declare before 2nd. Lt. P.A.C.v.d. BERGH, temporary unpaid police-official, as follows:

About the 20th of July, 1944, after the American landing on Noenfoor, 16 Hei-Ho's and myself, who had already tried to escape twice were recaptured again by the Japanese.

The next morning at about 8 o'clock, we saw many Japanese armed with rifles and bayonets. We were blindfolded and ordered to open our coats. All of us were bayoneted and fell down.

Except my friend, named NAWI bin GOMAN and myself, all were killed. We acted like being dead. At that time a Japanese came back to ascertain whether or not we were still alive. This Japanese

severed the back of my head with his sabre.

After the Japanese had left we moved away to the village KANSAI, where we met the Americans.

On
at
I saw a photo, nr. 51 J 5636 of a Japanese named INOUE KOJI, and I recognized him as the INOUE KOJI, who was standing near us with a sword in his hand, before we were blindfolded.

Casino:

Name:

After the above declaration of informant MADOEILLA bin MESDIN had been put into writing by me and had been slowly and carefully read to him, and he had affirmed and signed the declaration, he took an oath according to his religious persuasion that in the above mentioned declaration he told the truth and nothing but the truth.

In witness hereof,

Made under official oath.

P.A.C. v.d. BERGH

Temporary unpaid
Police-Official
Res. 2nd. Lt. Inf. v.s.d.

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EX 1849

證據書類第五三八九号

證明書

下名和蘭軍情報部戦争犯罪課長 R. N. -
A. 中尉「キヤールズ・ミンゲニール」ハ正當ニ宣誓ヲナ
シタルニ、何レモ一九四四年七月「ニームフーア」島ニ於テ
ルインドネシア人、元 R. N. - A. 兵士、徵用「ヘイホ」ノ
虐殺ニ関スル

一、「バイミン・ビン・カルトセミ」(第五四八号)、「ナウイ・ビ
ギン」(第五一三号)及「マドエラ・ビン・メスデイン」(第五
一四号)ニ係ル和蘭軍情報部訊問報告書ヨリ

ニ、右通報者等ノ宣誓陳述書ナル題名、書類
ガ該書類、原文、全文ニシテ眞實完全及正
確ナル寫デアルコト並ビニ該書類ガ和蘭軍
情報部、公式記録、一部ナルコトヲ證明ス。

署名

(署名)

和蘭軍情報部印

於バタヴィア、一九四六年六月七日

右、本職、蘭領東印度法務廳附高等官
R. N. - A 中尉「K. A. グラウマード」ノ面前ニテ署名
宣誓ヲナシタル。

署名(署名) K. A. グラウマード

* * * * *

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輕歩兵第三七。七。号「サウイ、ビン、ギマシ」ハ一九四四年
七月中旬頃、エムア、ア島ニ於テ甚ニウ虐待サレタ。
通報者 輕歩兵第三七。七。号「サウイ、ビン、ギマシ」
信憑性 知能相當。報告、信ズベキモノト思料サル
責任者 日本人、姓名不詳。但シ大尉一名、中尉一名、
少尉三名ヲ含む。約四名、將校及曹長一
名ヲ多ク。

通報者ハ一九四四年七月二日米軍、エムア、ア島ニ
陸後他、五ノ名、混血インドネシア人ト共ニ日本軍守
備隊ト一緒ニジャングル中ニ連シテ行カレタト陳述シテ
ハル。彼、其處ニ日本人が何名居タカ知ラナイガ、日
本人、数ハ数百名ヲ多ク。五日以後、彼及ヒ他ノ十人、
混血人ハ脱走ニ成功シタ。約五日間、ジャングル中ヲ歩
イタ後、彼等ハ約五十人、日本兵ニ遭遇シ、再ビ二日間
ジャングル中ヲ連行サレタ。通報者ハ又モ今度、他
ノ七人ト一緒デ脱走シタガ一日バカリシテ、脱走シタ他、
九人(ヘイホト)會ヒ、十七人、脱走者ノ一團トナツタ。彼等
ハ二日間一緒デアツタガ、又モヤ約百名ノ日本兵ニ出遇
ヒ、再ビ護送サレタガ翌日、タカハ嚴重ニ監視ヲ受
ケ、周圍全部ヲ日本人哨兵ニ取巻カレ罐詰ニサレタ。
朝、八時頃通報者ト他、十六名ハ整列ヲ命ゼラレ、目
隠シサレテ上衣ヲ脱ゲト命ゼラレタ。併シ、前ニ通
報者ハ全部ノ日本兵が着剣シタヲ見タ。彼等ハコ
ノ十七人、前後ニ立ケ、大尉一名、中尉一名、少尉三名ヲ含む

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約四名、將校ト曹長一名がナク、日本兵ニ向テ号令が叫ビ、十
七八全部銃剣ヲ突カシテ、ソノ方皆死ニダカドウカ確メル爲ニ調
ベラシク。

通報者ハ銃剣ヲ背中ヲ四ツ所突カシ倒レタ。調ベシク時ニ彼ト
「トエ」ト云フ他「トエ」トハ死ニダリヲシタ。通報者ハ日本兵が全
部立去ルヲ暫クジツトシテ伏シ居リ、ソノ方ヤツト立ホク。彼ハ突キ
刺サシク十五人、死体ヲ見タ。ソノ又バヤングル中ヲ各自間兵キ各自ニ
海岸ニ沿フ道路ニ達シ、其處ニ米巡邏兵ニ出逢ヒ救助セシタ。

訊問報告第五一三号

追加報告

通報者 輕歩兵トノ第四。四〇号「トエ」・ビン・メス・テイ」

信憑性 智能低シ、情報ハ信ズベキモノト思料サル

責任者 日本軍兵士、内一人ハ「井ノエ」兵卒

通報者ハ「ウイ・ビン・ギ」ト共三九四年七月二十日頃「オウ」島ニ於テ
日本軍ノ行ツタ虐殺、唯一ノ生存者デアリタ。

「トエ」ハ「ウイ」證言ヲ確認シ、彼ト「ウイ」トハ銃剣ヲ突キ刺サシク後カ
「オウ」村ニ出テ、其處ニ米巡邏兵ニ逢ツタト附々加ヘテナル。通報者ハ突
キ刺サシク後死ヲ蒙リテ、俯向キ地面ニ伏シテナル間三人、日本兵ハ彼ガ「ウ
イ」呼吸シテナルカドウカヲ確メル爲、彼ハ背中ニ手ヲ置キ、ソノ方劍ヲ彼ハ後頭
部ヲ切ツタ。彼ハ其處ニナク、日本兵ハ以前彼ハ部隊（「ウイ」ガ「ウイ」第。

監兵）ニ居タト重要ト事實ヲ附々加ヘタ。彼ノ名ハ「井ノエ」兵卒デ
アル。犠牲者達ガ目隠シサレ直前、彼ハ「ウイ」男ガ拔劍シテ近ク
ニ立ツナルヲ見タ。

訊問報告第五一四号

No. 3